

# Flop Eared Mule

Traditional

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2/4

G D7

6 G D7

10 1. G 2. G D

14 A7 D

18 A7 D G

22 D7 1. G 2. G D

27 D7 1. G 2. G D

Detailed description: This is a guitar tablature for the song 'Flop Eared Mule'. The music is in 2/4 time and consists of 27 measures. The tablature is written on a six-string guitar staff with fret numbers 0-12. Chords are indicated by letters above the staff: G, D7, A7, and D. Techniques such as slurs (SI), bends (1/4), and hammer-ons (H) are used throughout. The piece is divided into two systems, each with two endings. The first system (measures 1-17) features a G chord in measure 1, followed by a D7 chord in measure 2. The second system (measures 18-27) features an A7 chord in measure 18, followed by D and G chords. The piece concludes with a D7 chord in measure 27.

The musical score is presented in four systems of guitar tablature. Each system shows six strings with fret numbers and chord diagrams above. Measure 31 starts with an A7 chord. Measure 35 includes a first ending (1. D) and a second ending (2. D). Measure 39 features a 'See notes' instruction and a D7 chord. Measure 43 shows a double harmonic at the fifth fret. Measure 47 concludes with a G chord and a D chord diagram.

Bluegrass pickers usually to play this tune with a lot of Dillard type patterns (MIMT) coming down the neck, and I used to play it that way too, until I heard a recording of Snuffy Jenkins playing this with Pappy Sherill. As i recall, they played it in the key of D, but it is usually played out of G. It is set here in the key of G, in regular open G tuning, and while these aren't the notes Snuffy plays, I think the opening notes at least get some of the feel for the tune that he had.

The B part is entirely melodic, something I don't do that often anymore. I have tried to incorporate a few rolls into this part, but I haven't come up with anything I really liked. The right hand pattern just moves down the neck, with the index finger anchored first on the ninth fret, and then moving down to the fourth fret.

There is a neat little variation of the A part which starts in measure 38. Note in particular measure 43, which shows a quick little double harmonic at the fifth fret. This is actualy a stand in for a different technique, which Doug Dillard used in the tune Whoa Mule, brushing, scraping really, the first one or two strings behind the bridge with the index or index and ring fingers, followed by the thumb picking the fifth string. This imitates the "hee-haw" if the mule. Problem is, you can't tab that out very well, so I wrote it out this way, instead, because it comes close to imitating the sound.

This tune demonstrates that an arrangement doesn't have to be complicated to sound good.